Lough Neagh Sailing Club

Club Child Protection Policy and Procedures

Policy Statement

The Club has adopted and is committed to observing the Child Protection Policy set out in Appendix A of its Constitution and members in contact and working with young people in the Club shall observe the Code of Conduct set out in Appendix B of the Constitution. Lough Neagh Sailing Club shall use the additional Club Child Protection Policy and Procedures document on child protection to keep its Child Protection Policies current.

For the purposes of this policy anyone under the age of 18 should be considered as a child. All members of the Club should be aware of the policy.

Club Welfare Officer

The Club Welfare Officer is Mark Clendinning who may be contacted on M: 07974 520525, Email: mark.clendinning@openwork.uk.com alternatively Mark can be contacted through the LNSC committee.

Volunteers

All Club volunteers whose role brings them into contact with young people will be asked to provide references (*Appendix G*) or to complete a self-disclosure form (*Appendix D*). The Club Welfare Officer and those instructing, coaching or supervising young people will also be asked to apply for an Enhanced Criminal Records Disclosure.

Good Practice

All members of the Club should follow the good practice guidelines attached (see Appendix E). Those working with young people should be aware of the guidance on recognising abuse (see Appendix A).

Adults are requested not to enter showers and changing rooms at times when children are changing before or after junior/youth training or racing. If this is unavoidable it is advised that they are accompanied by another adult.

The Club will seek written consent from the child and their parents/carers before taking photos or video at an event or training session or publishing such images. Parents and spectators should be prepared to identify themselves if requested and state their purpose for photography/filming. If the Club publishes images of children, no identifying information other than names will be included. Any concerns about inappropriate or intrusive photography or the inappropriate use of images should be reported to the Club Welfare Officer.

Concerns

Anyone who is concerned about a young member's welfare, either outside the sport or within the Club, should inform the Club Welfare Officer immediately, in strict confidence. The Club Welfare Officer will follow the attached procedures (see RYA Flowcharts 1 and 2).

Any member of the Club failing to comply with the Child Protection policy may be subject to disciplinary action under Club Rule 3.6 of the Club Constitution regarding Membership.

Appendix A - What is child abuse?

Child abuse is a term used to describe ways in which children are harmed, usually by adults and often by people they know and trust. It refers to damage done to a child's physical or mental health. Child abuse can take many forms:

Physical abuse where adults or other children:

- physically hurt or injure children (eg. by hitting, shaking, squeezing, biting or burning)
- give children alcohol, inappropriate drugs or poison
- attempt to suffocate or drown children
- in sport situations, physical abuse might also occur when the nature and intensity of training exceeds the capacity of the child's immature and growing body.

Neglect includes situations in which adults:

- fail to meet a child's basic physical needs (eg. for food, water, warm clothing, essential medication)
- consistently leave children alone and unsupervised
- fail or refuse to give children love, affection or attention
- neglect in a sailing situation might also occur if an instructor or coach fails to ensure that children are safe, or exposes them to undue cold or risk of injury.

Sexual abuse. Boys and girls are sexually abused when adults (of the same or opposite sex) or other young people use them to meet their own sexual needs. This could include:

- full sexual intercourse, masturbation, oral sex, fondling
- showing children pornographic books, photographs or videos, or taking pictures for pornographic purposes
- sport situations which involve physical contact (eg. supporting or guiding children) could potentially create situations where sexual abuse may go unnoticed. Abusive situations may also occur if adults misuse their power over young people.

Emotional abuse can occur in a number of ways. For example, where:

- there is persistent lack of love or affection
- there is constant overprotection which prevents children from socialising
- · children are frequently shouted at or taunted
- there is neglect, physical or sexual abuse
- emotional abuse in sport might also include situations where parents or coaches subject children to constant criticism, bullying or pressure to perform at a level that the child cannot realistically be expected to achieve.

Bullying may be seen as deliberately hurtful behaviour, usually repeated or sustained over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. The bully may often be another young person. Although anyone can be the target of bullying, victims are typically shy, sensitive and perhaps anxious or insecure. Sometimes they are singled out for physical reasons – being overweight, physically small, having a disability or belonging to a different race, faith or culture.

Recognising Abuse

It is not always easy, even for the most experienced carers, to spot when a child has been abused. However, some of the more typical symptoms which should trigger your suspicions would include:

- unexplained or suspicious injuries such as bruising, cuts or burns, particularly if situated on a part of the body not normally prone to such injuries
- sexually explicit language or actions
- a sudden change in behaviour (eg. becoming very quiet, withdrawn or displaying sudden outbursts of temper)
- the child describes what appears to be an abusive act involving him/her
- a change observed over a long period of time (eg. the child losing weight or becoming increasingly dirty or unkempt)
- a general distrust and avoidance of adults, especially those with whom a close relationship would be expected
- an unexpected reaction to normal physical contact
- difficulty in making friends or abnormal restrictions on socialising with others.

It is important to note that a child could be displaying some or all of these signs, or behaving in a way which is worrying, without this necessarily meaning that the child is being abused. Similarly, there may not be any signs, but you may just feel that something is wrong. If you have noticed a change in the child's behaviour, first talk to the parents or carers. It may be that something has happened, such as a bereavement, which has caused the child to be unhappy.

If you are concerned

If there are concerns about sexual abuse or violence in the home, talking to the parents or carers might put the child at greater risk. If you cannot talk to the parents/carers, consult your organisation's designated Child Protection/Welfare Officer or the person in charge. It is this person's responsibility to make the decision to contact Children's Social Care Services or the Police. It is NOT their responsibility to decide if abuse is taking place, BUT it is their responsibility to act on your concerns.

Appendix B - RYA Code of Ethics and Conduct for Instructors, Trainers and Coaches

Sports training and coaching helps the development of individuals through improving their performance

This is achieved by:

- Identifying and meeting the needs of individuals.
- Improving performance through a progressing programme of safe, guided practice, measured performance and/or competition.
- Creating an environment in which individuals are motivated to maintain participation and improve performance.

Instructors, Trainers and Coaches should comply with the principles of good ethical practice listed below. They must:

- If working with young people under the age of 18, have read and understood the Child Protection Policy as detailed on the RYA website at www.rya.org.uk under Working with Us.
- Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every person and treat everyone equally within the context of their sport.
- Place the well-being and safety of the student above the development of performance. They should follow all guidelines laid down by the sport's governing body and hold appropriate insurance cover.
- Develop an appropriate working relationship with students (especially children), based on mutual trust and respect and not exert undue influence to obtain personal benefit or reward.
- Encourage and guide students to accept responsibility for their own behaviour and performance.
- Hold relevant up to date and nationally recognised governing body qualifications.
- Ensure that the activities they direct or advocate are appropriate for the age, maturity, experience and ability of the individual.
- At the outset, clarify with students (and where appropriate their parents) exactly what is expected of them and what they are entitled to expect.
- Always promote the positive aspects of their sport (eg. courtesy to other water users).
- Consistently display high standards of behaviour and appearance.

Appendix C – RYA Coach Code of Ethics and Conduct

Sports Coaching helps the development of individuals through improving their performance.

This is achieved by:

- 1 Identifying and meeting the needs of individuals.
- 2 Improving performance through a progressing programme of safe, guided practice, measured performance and/or competition.
- 3 Creating an environment in which individuals are motivated to maintain participation and improve performance.

Coaches should comply with the principles of good ethical practice listed below.

- All RYA Coaches working with sailors under the age of 18 must have read and understood the Child Protection Policy as detailed on the RYA website at www.rya.org.uk. If you are unable to access the website please contact the Racing Department for a copy.
- 2 Coaches must respect the rights, dignity and worth of every person and treat everyone equally within the context of their sport.
- 3 Coaches must place the well-being and safety of the performer above the development of performance. They should follow all guidelines laid down by the sport's governing body and hold appropriate insurance cover.
- 4 Coaches must develop an appropriate working relationship with performers based on mutual trust and respect. Coaches must not exert undue influence to obtain personal benefit or reward.
- 5 Coaches must encourage and guide performers to accept responsibility for their own behaviour and performance.
- 6 Coaches should hold up to date and nationally recognised governing body coaching qualifications.
- 7 Coaches must ensure that the activities they direct or advocate are appropriate for the age, maturity, experience and ability of the individual.
- 8 Coaches should, at the outset, clarify with performers (and where appropriate their parents) exactly what is expected of them and what performers are entitled to expect from their coach. A contract may sometimes be appropriate.
- 9 Coaches should co-operate fully with other specialists (eg. other coaches, officials, sports scientists, doctors, physiotherapists) in the best interests of the performer.
- 10 Coaches should always promote the positive aspects of their sport (eg. fair play) and never condone rule violations or the use of prohibited substances.
- 11 Coaches must consistently display high standards of behaviour and appearance.

Appendix D - Self-disclosure form

Self-disclosure form for applicants for posts involving contact with children and/or vulnerable adults

Lough Neagh Sailing Club is committed to safeguarding children from physical, sexual and emotional harm. As part of our Child Protection policy, we require applicants for posts involving contact with children to complete this self-disclosure form. Having a criminal record will not necessarily bar you from working with us. This will depend on the nature of the position and the circumstances and background of your offences.

Nam							
1.	Have you ever been convicted of any criminal offences? YES NO						
	If yes, please supply details of any criminal convictions.						
	Note: You are advised that under the provisions of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 as amended by the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) (Amendment) Order 1986 you should declare all convictions including 'spent' convictions, cautions, warnings and reprimands.						
2.	Are you a person known to any Children and Families Social Care Department as being an actual or potential risk to children?						
	If yes, please supply details.						
3. Have you ever had any disciplinary sanction relating to child abuse?							
	YES NO I						
unde canc Discl form	ration I declare that to the best of my knowledge the information given above is correct and stand that any misleading statements or deliberate omission may be sufficient grounds for elling my appointment. I understand that I may be asked to apply for a Criminal Records of sure and consent to do so if required. I understand that the information contained in this and in the Disclosure may be disclosed, where strictly necessary, to regulatory bodies and/or parties who have an interest in child protection issues.						
Sign	d: Date:						

Appendix E

Handout for Instructors, Coaches and Volunteers – Good Practice Guide

This guide only covers the essential points of good practice when working with children and young people. You should also read the organisation's Child Protection Policy and Procedures which are available for reference at all times.

- Avoid spending any significant time working with children in isolation
- Do not take children alone in a car, however short the journey
- Do not take children to your home as part of your organisation's activity
- Where any of these are unavoidable, ensure that they only occur with the full knowledge and consent of someone in charge of the organisation or the child's parents
- Design training programmes that are within the ability of the individual child
- If a child is having difficulty with a wetsuit or buoyancy aid, ask them to ask a friend to help if at all possible
- If you do have to help a child, make sure you are in full view of others, preferably another adult

You should never:

- · engage in rough, physical or sexually provocative games
- allow or engage in inappropriate touching of any form
- allow children to use inappropriate language unchallenged, or use such language yourself when with children
- make sexually suggestive comments to a child, even in fun
- fail to respond to an allegation made by a child; always act
- do things of a personal nature that children can do for themselves.

It may sometimes be necessary to do things of a personal nature for children, particularly if they are very young or disabled. These tasks should only be carried out with the full understanding and consent of the child (where possible) and their parents/carers. In an emergency situation which requires this type of help, parents should be fully informed. In such situations it is important to ensure that any adult present is sensitive to the child and undertakes personal care tasks with the utmost discretion.

Appendix F - Sample Parental Consent form

Sailing Booking Form

Booking Conditions

- 1. Lough Neagh Sailing Club reserves the right, at all times, to cancel sessions at our discretion.
- 2. All participants MUST be between the ages 8 and 16, wear the buoyancy aid provided and be confident in the water.
- 3. All children must be accompanied by a parent or guardian at the beginning and end of the session. Parents or guardians must also be contactable (for example by mobile phone) for the duration of the session.
- 4. Neither Lough Neagh Sailing Club nor any of its employees or agents shall be liable in any way whatsoever in respect of loss or damage to property.
- 5. Lough Neagh Sailing Club must be informed, at the time of enroling, of any medical condition affecting the participant, or of any medication taken by the participant that could affect their taking part in the above sailing session, e.g. asthma, epilepsy, heart conditions. Lough Neagh Sailing Club reserves the right to refuse any booking on medical grounds.
- 6. All bookings are accepted on the understanding that any instructions or directions given by any member of the centre's staff are to be observed. Participants are asked to respect the equipment provided; compensation will be sought from anyone deliberately causing damage to equipment.
- 7. Lough Neagh Sailing Club reserves the right at all times to refuse or restrict the use of facilities. The right is also reserved to evict anyone who refuses to comply with the conditions as stipulated, or who behaves inappropriately or, in any way, causes damage or annoyance to any other persons.
- 8. Participants are to wear suitable clothing and footwear when going on a boat. Suitable footwear means flat soft soled shoes or trainers. Please bring a change of clothing as sailing can be wet.

Participant's First Name: Surname: Surname:

9. If any injuries are sustained or damage to valuables occurs, participants are to notify the centre's staff immediately.

•						
Age: (participants must be aged between 8 and 16 yrs) Date of Birth:						
Address:						
Postcode:						
Please give details of any disability/medical condition/medication that you think the centre should know eg. sight/hearing impairment, limited mobility, asthma, diabetes, epilepsy	about					
Declaration: I hereby acknowledge that I have read the above conditions of participation and fully understand them. I have explained them to my child, who understands and agrees to abithem.						
Signed by Parent or Guardian: Date:						
Print name:						
Contact telephone number during session:						

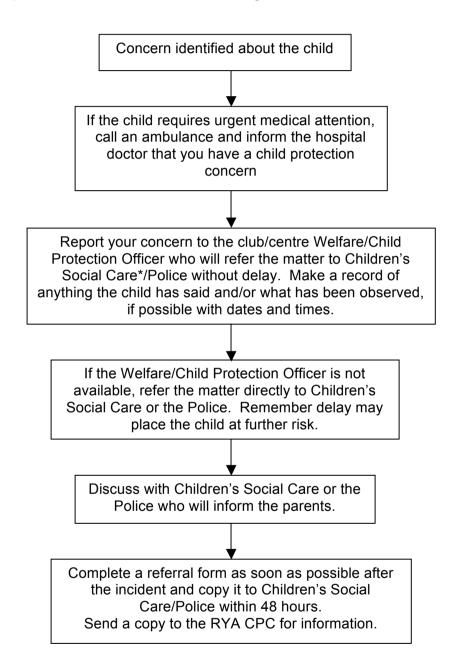
Appendix G – Reference request

CONFIDENTIAL

(Name)		has expressed an interest							
in working with (organisation	on)				in the role of	f			
referee. This role involves protection and welfare of concerned about this application are happy to comple confidentiality and in accorwith the person conducting the role. We would appreciperson.	substantial hildren, we a cant being in te this refered dance with refered the assession and the asses	access to child are anxious to he contact with conce, any informative legislation and the appropriate to the appropriate contact of the appropriate contact co	ren. As an know if ther hildren or y mation will be too and gublicant's sui	organisation organ	on committed to easons to be le. vith due will only be sh uld they be off	nared fered			
How long have you kno	own this pers	son?							
. In what capacity?									
8. What attributes does this person have which would make them suitable for this role?									
4. Please rate this person									
			0 1	.,					
	Poor	Average	Good	Very goo d	Excellent				
Responsibility									
Maturity									
Self-motivation									
Motivation of others									
Commitment									
Energy									
Trustworthiness									
Reliability									
5. Do you have any reaso children or young people?	n at all to be	e concerned ab	out this app	olicant being		th			
If you answer 'Yes' we	will contact	you in confiden	ice.						
Name: (please print)			Tel. N	lo:					
Signed:			Date:						
Please return this form, ma	rked 'Confid	lential' to:							

Mark Clendinning, Child Welfare Officer, 87 Annareagh Road, Richill, Co. Armagh BT61 9JY

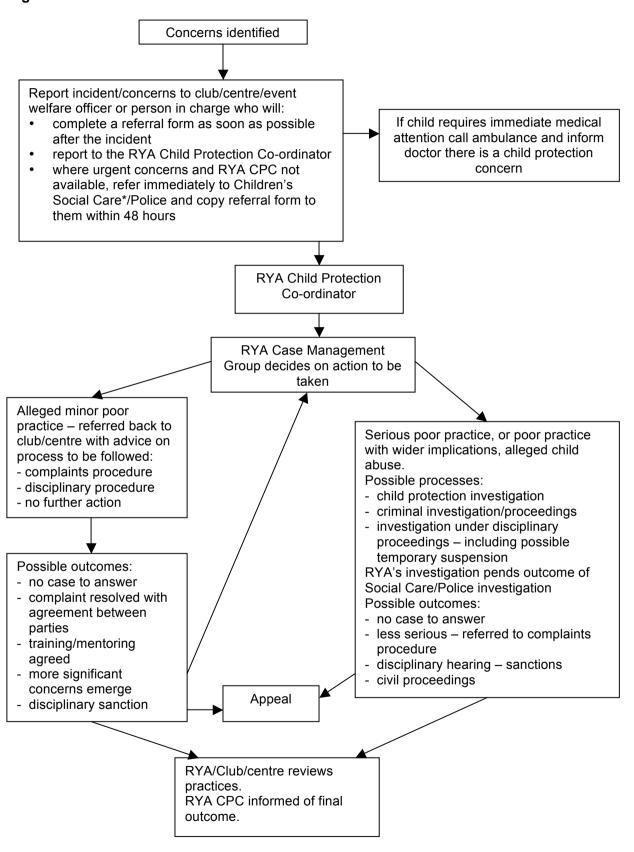
Flowchart 1 – What to do if you are worried that a child is being abused outside the sport's environment (but the concern is identified through the child's involvement in the sport)



If you are uncertain what to do at any stage, contact the RYA's Child Protection Co-ordinator on 023 8060 4104 or the NSPCC free 24 hour helpline 0808 800 5000.

^{*} Details available from RYA Child Protection Co-ordinator

Flowchart 2 – What to do if you are concerned about the behaviour of any member, volunteer, staff, coach or official working for the RYA or an RYA affiliated/recognised organisation



Details available from RYA Child Protection Co-ordinator